

Two Kits

ANIMALS: FELINE (CAT) 1 TEST KIT (85 vials)

Product Code 8127

Code	Name	Type	Comments
AF1 01	Adrenal Gland	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 02	Artery & Vein, Small	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 03	Bladder	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 04	Cardiac Muscle	Healthy Tissue	An involuntary, striated muscle that is found in the walls of the heart.
AF1 05	Cardio-Oesophageal Junction	Healthy Tissue	The abrupt transition from esophageal mucosa to that of the cardiac portion of stomach, demarcated internally in the living by the z-line, and approximated externally by the cardiac notch.
AF1 06	Cerebellum	Healthy Tissue	Involved in physical coordination, balance and posture.
AF1 07	Cerebral Cortex	Healthy Tissue	Plays a key role in memory, attention, perception, cognition, awareness and thought.
AF1 08	Corneo-Sclerotic Junction	Healthy Tissue	Junction between cornea and sclera.
AF1 09	Diaphragm, Striated Muscle	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 10	Duodenum	Healthy Tissue	First section of small intestine.
AF1 11	Epididymis	Healthy Tissue	A tube located at the back of the testicles that stores and carries sperm.
AF1 12	Fundic Gland	Healthy Tissue	Found in the fundus and body of the stomach. They are simple almost straight tubes, two or more of which open into a single duct. Oxyntic means acid-secreting and they secrete hydrochloric acid (HCl) and intrinsic factor.
AF1 13	Gall Bladder	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 14	Ganglion, Autonomic	Healthy Tissue	A cluster of nerve cell bodies (a ganglion) in the autonomic nervous system.
AF1 15	Ganglion, Spinal	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 16	Head, Foetal	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 17	Ileum	Healthy Tissue	Third portion of small intestine.
AF1 18	Intestine, Columnar Epithelium	Healthy Tissue	These cells secrete mucous for lubrication.
AF1 19	Intestine, Involuntary Muscle	Healthy Tissue	Muscles that relax and contract to move food down the intestine.
AF1 20	Jaw, Kitten	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 21	Jejunum	Healthy Tissue	Second part of small intestine.
AF1 22	Kidney	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 23	Large Intestine	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 24	Lip, Tactile Papillae	Healthy Tissue	Nerve endings in lips giving a sense of touch.
AF1 25	Liver	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 26	Liver and Bile Capillaries	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 27	Lung	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 28	Lung, Foetal	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 29	Lymph Gland	Healthy Tissue	

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AF1 30	Lymph Gland, Reticular Cells	Healthy Tissue	The reticular cell network distributes key molecules and provides a structure for immune cells to move around on. (During infections, the network can suffer damage.)
AF1 31	Mammary Gland, Active	Healthy Tissue	Lactating breast.
AF1 32	Medulla Oblongata	Healthy Tissue	Located in the brainstem; responsible for autonomic (involuntary) functions ranging from vomiting to sneezing.
AF1 33	Mesentery	Healthy Tissue	A fold of the peritoneum which attaches the stomach, small intestine, pancreas, spleen, and other organs to the posterior wall of the abdomen.
AF1 34	Muscle, Skeletal	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 35	Nerve	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 36	Oesophagus / Esophagus	Healthy Tissue	Also known as food pipe or gullet.
AF1 37	Olfactory Epithelium, Kitten	Healthy Tissue	A specialised epithelial tissue inside the nasal cavity that is involved in smell.
AF1 38	Olfactory Mucosa	Healthy Tissue	Located in the upper region of the nasal cavity and is made up of the olfactory epithelium and the underlying lamina propria, connective tissue containing fibroblasts, blood vessels, Bowman's glands and bundles of fine axons from the olfactory neurons.
AF1 39	Optic Nerve	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 40	Ovary	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 41	Pancreas	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 42	Pancreas, Kitten	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 43	Pancreas, Pacinian / Lamellar Corpuscle, Nerve Endings	Healthy Tissue	Pancian corpuscle cells detect vibration and possibly very low frequency sounds.
AF1 44	Parathyroid	Healthy Tissue	Four small glands in the neck that control the body's calcium levels.
AF1 45	Parotid Gland / Salivary Gland	Healthy Tissue	Makes saliva.
AF1 46	Pars Optica Retinae	Healthy Tissue	The posterior part of the retina with its specialised neurons (rods and cones, bipolar and ganglion cells) and supporting cells.
AF1 47	Pituitary	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 48	Prostate	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 49	Pyloro-Duodenal Junction	Healthy Tissue	The opening from the stomach into the duodenum.
AF1 50	Pylorus	Healthy Tissue	The fufthest part of the stomach that connects to the duodenum.
AF1 51	Rectum, Unstriated Muscle	Healthy Tissue	Muscles in the rectum that contract without conscious control.
AF1 52	Sciatic Nerve	Healthy Tissue	Begins in the lower back and runs through the buttock and down the rear leg; provides the connection to the nervous system for nearly the whole of the skin of the leg, the muscles of the back of the thigh, and those of the leg and paw.
AF1 53	Small Intestine	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 54	Small Intestine, Kitten	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 55	Soft Palate	Healthy Tissue	The fleshy, flexible part towards the back of the roof of the mouth.
AF1 56	Spinal Chord, Cervical	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 57	Spinal Chord, Lumbar	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 58	Spinal Chord, Sacral	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 59	Spinal Chord, Thoracic	Healthy Tissue	

Code	Name	Type	Comments
AF1 60	Spinal Ganglion / Dorsal Root Ganglion / Posterior Root Ganglion	Healthy Tissue	A cluster of nerve cell bodies in a dorsal root of a spinal nerve.
AF1 61	Spleen	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 62	Stomach	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 63	Stomach, Cardia	Healthy Tissue	First part of the stomach.
AF1 64	Sublingual Gland	Healthy Tissue	Major salivary glands.
AF1 65	Submaxillary Gland	Healthy Tissue	A salivary gland inside the lower jaw on either side that produces most of the nocturnal saliva; discharges saliva into the mouth under the tongue.
AF1 66	Testis	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 67	Thymus, Kitten	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 68	Tongue	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 69	Tooth in Jaw	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 70	Tooth, Developing, Kitten	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 71	Trachea	Healthy Tissue	Wind pipe.
AF1 72	Trachea & Thyroid	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 73	Trachea, Hyaline Cartilage	Healthy Tissue	Hyaline cartilage provides support and flexibility.
AF1 74	Ureter	Healthy Tissue	The duct by which urine passes from the kidney to the bladder.
AF1 75	Urethra and Penis	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 76	Uterus and Placenta	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 77	Vas Deferens	Healthy Tissue	The duct which conveys sperm from the testicle to the urethra.
AF1 78	Vein, Large	Healthy Tissue	
AF1 79	Feline Gingivitis	Nosode	Inflammation of the gums and tooth problems in cats. The most commonly known causes of feline gingivitis are feline immunodeficiency virus and feline leukemia.
AF1 80	Feline Infectious Enteritis / FIE	Nosode	A disease caused by infection with feline parvovirus (FPV), also known as feline panleukopenia virus.
AF1 81	Feline Infectious Peritonitis	Nosode	An uncommon, but usually fatal, aberrant immune response to infection with feline coronavirus.
AF1 82	Feline Influenza/ Upper Respiratory Infection	Nosode	A very common disease that can vary considerably in severity, and on occasions can even be life-threatening.
AF1 83	Feline Leukaemia	Nosode	Symptoms include loss of appetite, poor coat condition, uneven pupils, infections of the skin, bladder, and respiratory tract, oral disease, seizures, swollen lymph nodes, skin lesions, fatigue, fever, weight loss, gingivitis, recurring bacterial and viral illnesses, anaemia, diarrhoea and jaundice. Can be transmitted from infected cats via saliva or nasal secretions.
AF1 84	Feline Nosode Combination	Nosode	Feline Enteritis, Rhinotracheitis, Leukaemia, Flu and Aids Nosodes
AF1 85	Feline Rhinotracheitis	Nosode	Herpesvirus disease of cats, characterised by sneezing, inflammation of the nasal passages, fever, and eye infection; inflammation of the windpipe or trachea sometimes occurs.

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AF2 01	Feline Immunodeficiency Virus	Virus	Compromises the immune system.
AF2 02	Campylobacter Jejuni	Bacteria	Causes problems most often in cats younger than 6 months, shelter cats, or immunocompromised cats. The bacteria can also be found in healthy cats showing no symptoms. Cats may develop severe disease for three to seven days, with diarrhoea and decreased appetite.
AF2 03	Clostridium Perfringens	Bacteria	Causes diarrhoea.
AF2 04	Microsporum Canis	Fungus	Common cause of ringworm in cats as well as dogs.
AF2 05	Microsporum Gypseum	Fungus	Common cause of ringworm in cats.
AF2 06	Trichophyton Mentagrophytes	Fungus	Causes ringworm.
AF2 07	Chlamydia Psittaci / Chlamydophila Psittaci	Chlamydia	Causes chlamydiosis, symptoms include signs of an upper respiratory infection, such as watery eyes, runny nose, and sneezing.
AF2 08	Feline Leukaemia / FeLV	Vaccination	PUREVAX® FeLV/RCP Vaccine
AF2 09	Feline Leukaemia & Rhinotracheitis	Vaccination	PUREVAX® FELV/RCP Vaccine
AF2 10	Feline RCPL	Vaccination	Purevax® RC. Combined vaccine for feline Rhinotracheitis, Feline Calicivirus, Feline Panleucopenia and Feline Leukaemia.
AF2 11	Feline Tricat Vaccine	Vaccination	Combined feline viral rhinotracheitis, calici virus and panleucopenia vaccines.
AF2 12	Ancylostoma Caninum / Hookworm	Parasite	One of the most common intestinal parasites; found in warm and temperate climates. Can cause severe disease including anaemia and serious diarrhoea; growth in young animals is stunted, and the hair coat may appear dull and dry. In severe infestations, animals may cough. or develop pneumonia
AF2 13	Ancylostoma Duodenale / Hookworm, Eggs and Adult	Parasite	One of the most common intestinal parasites of cats (especially kittens), and can cause severe disease including anaemia and serious diarrhoea.
AF2 14	Ancylostoma Tubaeformae	Parasite	A hookworm that infects cats worldwide; infection can occur by penetration of the skin, eating other hosts such as birds, or by directly consuming it; causes anaemia and compromises the immune system; causes dermatitis in humans.
AF2 15	Babesia Cati	Parasite	Anorexia and lethargy.
AF2 16	Babesia Felis	Parasite	Anorexia and lethargy.
AF2 17	Ctenocephalides Canis / Dog Flea	Parasite (External)	Dog fleas can also live on cats; can spread Dipylidium caninum.
AF2 18	Ctenocephalides Felis / Cat Flea / Feline Flea	Parasite (External)	Found on cats (and also dogs); can cause flea allergy dermatitis; can cause dehydration if large infestation.
AF2 19	Cryptosporidium Parvum	Parasite	Healthy cats may be symptom free; in immunocompromised or kittens, diarrhoea, loss of appetite, low-grade fever and dehydration can develop.
AF2 20	Dipylidium Caninum / Tapeworm, Eggs, Immature and Mature Proglottid	Parasite	The most common tapeworm of the cat, causes few problems in the adult host but can result in digestive upsets and stunting of growth in kittens.

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AF2 21	Dirofilaria Immitis / Dog Heartworm	Parasite	Causes heartworm disease in cats; present in many countries particularly the USA, Canada, and southern Europe.
AF2 22	Felicola Subrostratus / Felicola Subrostrata on ear	Parasite (External)	Louse found in Australia, Europe and North America; found in large numbers only on elderly or sick cats especially if they are long-haired
AF2 23	Isospora Spp./Cystoisospora Spp., Oocysts and Adult	Parasite	Infect the intestines in cats and can cause disease, referred to as intestinal or enteric coccidiosis; can cause bloody or watery diarrhoea, weight loss, dehydration, and, in more serious cases, anorexia, vomiting, and depression. In severe cases, intestinal coccidiosis can be fatal.
AF2 24	Otodectes Cynotis / Ear Mite	Parasite (External)	Tiny parasite that lives out their life cycle mostly inside the ear canal. They are quite common and can cause severe irritation and itchiness of the ears.
AF2 25	Physaloptera Spp.	Parasite	Can be asymptomatic, or may have gastric symptoms, particularly vomiting.
AF2 26	Spirometra Erinaceieuropaei	Parasite	Often asymptomatic.
AF2 27	Strongyloides Stercoralis	Parasite	Causes bloody diarrhoea. Found worldwide, especially in warmer regions in South America and southeast Asia.
AF2 28	Taenia Taeniaeformis in liver	Parasite	Parasitic tapeworm; often no symptoms.
AF2 29	Toxascaris Leonina, Egg and Larvae	Parasite	a common parasitic roundworm; may show no symptoms; may have diarrhoea, vomiting, loss of appetite, experience thinning, dull coats, and in kittens, can develop distended abdomens.
AF2 30	Toxocara Cati / Feline Roundworm	Parasite	One of the most common nematodes of cats; in adult cats, the infection – which is called toxocariasis – is usually asymptomatic, but in juvenile cats can be fatal.
AF2 31	Toxoplasma Gondii, Cysts and Trophozoites	Parasite, Protozoa	Primary hosts; may be symptom-free or have lethargy, depression, fever, weight loss, etc.
AF2 32	Trichuris Trichiura / Cat Whipworm	Parasite	Diarrhoea, weight loss and dehydration.
AF2 33	Trichuris Vulpis / Cat Whipworm	Parasite	Diarrhoea, weight loss and dehydration.

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