

PESTICIDE TEST KIT 3 (25 vials)
Product Code 8072

Code	Name	CAS Number	Alternative Names	Comments
PE 51	Acephate	30560-19-1		Used primarily for control of aphids, including resistant species, in vegetables (e.g. potatoes, carrots, greenhouse tomatoes, and lettuce) and in horticulture (e.g. on roses and greenhouse ornamentals).
PE 52	Acetamiprid	135410-20-7	Assail, Pristine, Chipco, Bug Clear	Crops such as leafy vegetables, citrus fruits, apples, grapes, cherry, cotton and ornamental plants. Available in products for home use.
PE 53	Aldrin	309-00-2		Banned by the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants. Although banned still found in fat tissue (both human and in animals/fish we eat) and breast milk. Aldrin exposure increases the likelihood of diabetes.
PE 54	Azinphos-Methyl / 4, 4' - dichlorodiphenyltri chloroethane / 4, 4' - dichlorodiphenyltri chloroethane	86-50-0	Agritan, Anofex,	Used on nut trees, vegetable crops, and fruit trees. Has been linked to health problems in framers who use it.
PE 55	Chlordane	57-74-9		Banned by the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants. Found in breast milk. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) collected samples (in 2009) with surface wipes from U.S. kitchen floors. Chlordane on 74%.
PE 56	Chlorpropham / Chlorpropham	101-21-3		A plant growth regulator and herbicide. Used to control potato sprouting, and on beans, blueberries, cranberries, carrots, onions, spinach, sugar beets, tomatoes, safflower, soybeans, etc.
PE 57	Clopyralid	1702-17-6	Guesapon, Guesarol, Gyron, Haver-extra, Hildit, Ivoran, Ixodex, Kopsal, Mutoxin, Neocid, OMS-16, Parachlorodicum, Peb1	Used for control of broadleaf weeds, especially thistles and clovers. Was widely used in USA for weed control in lawns until prohibited in 1999.

Code	Name	CAS Number	Alternative Names	Comments
PE 58	Cypermethrin	52315-07-8		An insecticide in large-scale commercial agricultural applications as well as in consumer products for domestic purposes. Found in many household ant and cockroach killers. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) collected samples (in 2009) with surface wipes from U.S. kitchen floors. Cypermethrin on 46%.
PE 59	Dimethoate	60-51-5		Widely used insecticide.
PE 60	Diphenylamine	122-39-4		Used on apples pre and post harvest.
PE 61	Endosulfan Sulfate	1031-07-8		The primary breakdown product of the insecticide endosulfan.
PE 62	Fenitrothion	122-14-5		Insecticide used on rice, cereals, fruits, vegetables, stored grains, cotton, to control insects in forests and for fly, mosquito, and cockroach control in public health programs.
PE 63	Fipronil	120068-37-3		Insecticide. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) collected samples (in 2009) with surface wipes from U.S. kitchen floors. Fipronil on 40%.
PE 64	Folpet	133-07-3		Used on berries, apples, flowers, ornamentals, fruits and vegetables, and for seed- and plant- bed treatment. Also used as a fungicide in paints and plastics, and for treatment of internal and external structural surfaces of buildings
PE 65	Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Velpar	Herbicide used on grasses and broadleaf and woody plants.
PE 66	Iprodione	36734-19-7	Rovral, Chipco Green	Fungicide used on fruits, vegetables and on lawns.
PE 67	Methamidophos	10265-92-6	Monitor, Nitofol, Tamaron, Swipe, Nuratron, Vetaron, Filitox, Patrole, Tamanox, SRA 5172, and Tam	Used on broccoli, Brussel sprouts, cauliflower, grapes, celery, sugar beets, cotton, tobacco, rice and potatoes.
PE 68	Mirex	2385-85-5		Banned by the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants. Although banned still found in fat tissue (both human and in animals/fish we eat) and breast milk.
PE 69	Omethoate	1113-02-6		Used to control insects and mites in horticulture and agriculture, as well as in the home garden.

Code	Name	CAS Number	Alternative Names	Comments
PE 70	Permethrin	52645-53-1		U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) collected samples (in 2009) with surface wipes from U.S. kitchen floors. The most frequently detected pesticide was permethrin (89 percent). Included in creams (Nix, Lyclear) for scabies. US military uniforms and mosquito nets may be impregnated with this. May be in head lice treatment. May be carcinogenic.
PE 71	Phosmet	732-11-6		Mainly used on apple trees for control of codling moth, though it is also used on a wide range of fruit crops, ornamentals, and vines for the control of aphids, suckers, mites, and fruit flies.
PE 72	Simazin	122-34-9		Herbicide used to control broad-leaved weeds and annual grasses.
PE 73	Tetrachlorvinphos	22248-79-9		Organophosphate
PE 74	Thiacloprid	111988-49-9	Provado Ultimate Bug Killer, Baby Bio House Plant Insecticide	An insecticide particularly for aphids and white fly. Available in products for home use.
PE 75	Thiamethoxam	153719-23-4		An insecticide effective against aphids, beetles, termites, etc. Available in products for home use.

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